DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES HGÁLTH GARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION		FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 0938-0193
TISSELIT ON THE THAT HOLD ADMINISTRATION	1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER:	2. STATE:
TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF	9 7 — 0 2 0	LOUISIANA
STATE PLAN MATERIAL FOR: HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION	3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (MEDICAID)	
TO: REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR	4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE	
HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	August 1, 1997	
5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (Check One):		
□ NEW STATE PLAN □ AMENDMENT TO BE CONSIDERED AS NEW PLAN		
COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THRU 10 IF THIS IS AN AMENDMENT (Separate Transmittal for each amendment)		
6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION:	7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT: a. FFY 1996-97 \$ (1,181,319.00)	
42 CFR 413.30 and 413.40		,993,410.00)
8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT:	9. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERS OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable):	EDED PLAN SECTION
Attachment 4.19-A, Item 1, Pages 7, 6, 7	SAME (TN 95-31)	
Attachment 4.19-A, Item 1, Page 8c	SAME (IN 95-32)	
10. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT: The purpose of this amendment is to alter the percentile at which the		
components used in the calculation of the rate for long term hospital services are considered		
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11. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One):		
☐ GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT	OTHER, AS SPECIFIED: Governor does not	
☐ COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED	review state plan material.	
☐ NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL		
12. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OF CIAL:	S. RETURN TO:	
13. TYPED NAME:	State of Louisiana Department of Healtl	h and Hospitals
Bobby H/ Jilhdal	1201 Capitol Access Road	
14. TITLE:	P.O. Box 91030 Baton Rouge, LA 708	821-9030
Secretary 15. DATE SUBMITTED:	220011 1100809 211 700	
September 25, 1997		
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See 10 1997	A Section of Landburg Control	
19. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL:	e copy a function O signature optregional officia	
AUGUSTI I, 1997	South Hell	
21. TYPED NAME: 2 CAEVIN GL CLINE	2 THE ASSOCIATE RECRONAL A	医囊肿病 医乳腺性结合征 医腹腔 医肠管 医外腺管 医外腺管 计正常 医二氯化二氯化二氯化二氯化二氯化二氯化二二二二氯化二二二二二二二二二二二二二二
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PAYMENT FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICES

METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING RATES - IN-PATIENT HOSPITAL CARE

1994), then arrayed by peer group from high to low in order to determine the median cost for the peer group. Fixed capital cost for each hospital/unit above the median was capped at the median. Exception: Long term hospitals are capped at the 30th percentile facility as reported on the as-filed cost report for the hospital cost report year ending between July 1, 1995 through June 30, 1996.

Step 3 - Calculation of blended component.

A blended component for each hospital was calculated comprised of 70% of the peer group median and 30% of the hospital-specific component (capped at the median).

Step 4 - Calculation of capped weighted average.

A capped weighted average for each peer group was calculated by multiplying the per diem cost for each hospital (capped at the median) by the number of Medicaid days provided by the hospital in 1991, adding the products, then dividing the resulting sum by the total number of Medicaid days in 1991 for all hospitals in the group.



Step 5 - Determination of hospital-specific component.

Each hospital's fixed capital cost component was set at the lower of the hospital's blended rate or the capped weighted average for the peer group.

The inflation factor is not applied annually.

b. Medical education cost.

A facility-specific cost component is allowed for any hospital that maintains a program of "Approved Educational Activities" as defined in the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual § 402.1 and listed in §404. The audit intermediary determines whether the hospital's program qualifies to have medical education costs included in each hospital's rate.

Hospitals which begin new qualifying programs are eligible to have this component included in calculation of the hospital's rate at the beginning of the state fiscal year subsequent to the hospital's valid request for medical education costs to be included, trended forward from the most recent filed cost report year to the current state fiscal vear.

The component cost for each hospital that had qualifying program(s) in the hospital's base year cost report was inflated from the midpoint of the base year to the midpoint of the implementation year (December 31, 1994). Costs are inflated for each subsequent year.

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TN# **97-2**¢ _Supersedes 6-6-01 Effective Date _ Approval Date___ TN# 95-31

SUPERSEDES: TN - 95-31

PAYMENT FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICES

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Movable equipment cost. Items considered to be movable equipment are those included in the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual §104.4 definition of "Major Movable Equipment".

Step 1 - Peer grouping.

Separate movable equipment cost component caps were established for each general hospital peer group, specialty hospital peer group and specialty unit peer group. In the case of a group with only one hospital, the hospital specific cost is used.

Step 2 - Cap calculation.

Movable equipment cost for each hospital was inflated from the midpoint of the base year to the midpoint of the implementation year (December 31, 1994), then arrayed by peer group from high to low to determine the median cost for the peer group. Movable equipment cost for each hospital/unit above the median was capped at the median. Exception: Long term hospitals are capped at the 30th percentile facility as reported or. the as-filed cost report for the hospital cost report year ending between July 1, 1995 through June 30, 1996.

Step 3 - Calculation of blended component.

A blended component for each hospital was calculated comprised of 70% of the peer group median and 30% of the hospital-specific component (capped at the median).

Step 4 - Calculation of capped weighted average.

A capped weighted average for each peer group was calculated by multiplying the per diem cost for each hospital (capped at the median) by the number of Medicaid days provided by the hospital in 1991, adding the products, then dividing the resulting sum by the total number of Medicaid days in 1991 for all hospitals/units in the group.

Step 5 - Determination of hospital-specific component.

Each hospital's movable equipment cost component was set at the lower of the hospital's blended rate or the capped weighted average for the peer group.

The inflation factor is applied annually.

Operating cost.

Step 1 - Peer grouping.

Separate operating cost component caps were established for each general hospital peer group, specialty hospital peer group and specialty unit peer group. In the case of a group with only one hospital, the hospital specific cost is used.

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_ Approval Date__

Effective Date

8 - 1 - 97 Supersedes

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Step 2 - Supplementation.

Operating cost for each hospital was inflated from the midpoint of the base year to the midpoint of the implementation year (December 31, 1994), then arrayed by peer group from high to low to determine the weighted median cost for the peer group. In peer groupings with less than three facilities, the median is used. In the case of a group with only one facility, the facility-specific cost is used. For those hospitals below the weighted median, the operating cost was supplemented by 25% of the difference between the hospital-specific cost per day and the median cost per day for the peer group.

Step 3 - Cap calculation.

Operating cost for each hospital as determined in Step 2 was arrayed by peer group from high to low to determine the weighted median cost for the peer group. Operating cost for each hospital/unit above the weighted median was capped at the weighted median. Exception: Long term hospitals are capped at the 30th percentile facility as reported on the as-filed cost report for the hospital cost report year ending between July 1, 1995 through June 30, 1996.



Step 4 - Calculation of blended component.

A blended component for each hospital was calculated comprised of 70% of the peer group weighted median and 30% of the hospital-specific component (as supplemented in Step 2 and capped in Step 3).

Step 5 - Calculation of capped weighted average.

A capped weighted average for each peer group was calculated by multiplying the per diem cost for each hospital (as supplemented in Step 2 and capped in Step 3) by the number of Medicaid days provided by the hospital in 1991, adding the products, then dividing the resulting sum by the total number of Medicaid days in 1991 for all hospitals/units in the group.

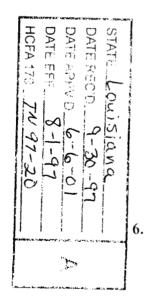
Step 6 - Determination of hospital-specific component.

Each hospital's operating cost component was set at the lower of the hospital's blended rate or the capped weighted average for the peer group.

The inflation factor is applied annually.

6. Calculation of Payment Rates

Individual facility rates are calculated annually by adding together the four components listed above for each facility.



TN# 97-20

Supersedes
95-31